BY CABLES AND WIRES.

Latest News from the Old and New Worlds.

Secretary Sherman's Visit to New York-Fatal Duel in Florida-Lord Mayor's Visit to the Irish-Relief Ship-Mob Violence in Missouri-Terrible Drought in Jamalea -The Tay Bridge.

Secretary Sherman in New York.

NEW YORK, April 21.—Secretary Sherman arrived in this city from Washington to-day. He stated that his business was connected with the purchase of Government bonds. He will remain here until Friday or Saturday. Bismarck Believed.

LONDON, April 22.—A dispatch to the Times from Berlin says Prince Hobenlohe has ar-rived there and taken the management of the foreign office. Bismarck will probably go to Friedrichsruhe soon for a few weeks rest. Seven Men Drowned.

CHICAGO, April 21.—The Tribune's Mackinaw (Mich.) special says: A report just received that seven men who left Point St. Ignice in a sailboat to go up the shore were all drowned in a gale on Monday. Their bodies have not yet been recovered.

A Disagreeing Jury.

SCHANTON, PA., April 21.—The jury in the sase of W. W. Scranton, general manager of the Lackawanna Coal Company, against A. A.

tons, 80,000.

The Missing British Training-Ship.

comprised about 300 young seamen.

The National Legislature.

In the Senate yesterday Mr. Withers intro-duced a bill to incorporate the Washington and Georgetown Junction Steam Railway

Company, and it was referred to the District Committee. [The bill is the same as hereto-fore introduced in the House a few days

since.]
After the usual business of the morning hour, the Geneva Award bill came up, and the amendment proposed by Mr. Hoar to strike out the fourth section of the bill; providing for the paying of the claims of the underwriters, was adopted by a vote of 38 yeas to 19 nays. Several other amendments were acted upon, and the bill was finally indefinitely postrouged and a motion by Mr. Blains to record

postpoused, and a motion by Mr. Blaine to reconsider the vote laid on the table. This, therefore, kills the bill for the present session.

The Army appropriation bill was then taken up, on motion of Mr. Withers, when the Senate went into executive session and soon after adjourned.

In the House a Sonate resolution to print 15,500 copies of the report of the Smithsonian Institution was agreed to, as was also a reso

The vote being taken on seconding the de-

mand, the Republicaus refrained from voting, and it became evident that filibustering was

Mr. Lowe moved the whole matter be re-ferred to the committee on common sense with

orders to report immediately.

Mr. Reed said that would be a partisan com-

mittee, as the members all belonged to this

(the Republican) side. [Laughter.]

After efforts for a compromise had again failed, Mr. McMahon withdrew both his mo-

A resolution of the Senate that the com-mittees of the two Houses on agriculture make

The President sent the following nomina-

ions to the Scuate yesterday: Supervisors of Cousus-For Ohio: Meridith

R. Willett, of Bryan, First district; John H. Little, of Springfield, Second district; Cyrus Leeds, Mr., of Pleasantville, Fifth district; William A. Hunt, of St. Clairsville, Seventh

district. New Jersey: George W. Atherion, of New Brunswick, Second district.

Confirmations.

The Soute in executive session yesterday outlined the following nominations:
William A. Newell, of New Jersey, to be

to be the order.

sase of W. W. Scrauton, general manager of the Lackawanna Coal Company, against A. A. Chase, editor of the Times, for libel, after being out thirty-two hours, were unable to agree, standing eleven to one for conviction. A Fatal Duel.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., April 21.—A duel oc-curred just beyond the city limits this after-noon between two Cubans named Raphael To-ledo and Yundabiro Pina, both cigar makers. Three shots were exchanged and Toledo was killed. There were no seconds. The affair was witnessed by a boy.

The Irish Relief Ship. London, April 22.—Lord Mayor Gray, of Dublin, has arrived at Queenstown and visited the United States war saip Constellation. He expressed the thanks of the Mansion House Relief Committee to the American people and the United States Government for aiding in the relief of the distress in Ireland.

Purchase of Bonds.

NEW YORK, April 21.—The proposals to sell conds to the Government to day aggregated \$4.667,250 at 103.90 to 104.24 for sixes of 1880. 105.80 to 106.22 for sixes of 1881 and 103.60 to 103.99 for fives. Three million were accepted as follows: Sixes of 1880 at 103.90 to 104.24. sixes of 1881 at 105.80 to 106.05 and fives at

Two Men Hanged by a Mob.

CINCINNATI, April 21 .- The Times has a dispatch stating that three men in jail at Moberly, Mo., charged with nurder, were this morning taken from the jail by a mob of masked men. One of the accused, named Ira Caisson, confessed, whereupon he was put back in jail, and the other two, named Yancy and Mitchell, were

Terrible Drought in Jamaica. KINGSTON, JAMAICA, April 14.—The effects

KINGSTON, JAMAICA, April 14.—The effects of the prolonged drought are severely felt. The pastures are completely burned up, and cattle have been driven from one point to another to obtain water. At Brownstown, in the highlands of St. Ann, water is being sold at six cents per four gallon tin, and then has to be carried miles on the heads of the purchasers. There is an epidemic among the cattle on the estates and pastures on the north chasers. There is an epidemic among the cat-tle on the estates and pastures on the north file. A succession of fires has destroyed cane fields and grass lands. At the Pasolall estate and Cinnamon Hill, in Trelowny, 150 acres of eane was destroyed.

Another Fatal Blow to the Cubaus. HAVANA, April 21 .- It is reported that the Spanish troops in the field have made an important discovery of the plans of the insur-gents. The latter had established a perfect system of communications between their bands in the provinces of Santiago and Guantanamo, over almost inaccessible mountains. and were preparing to extend it to the coast in order to facilitate landings. The Spanish soldiers scaled the mountains with great intrepldity, and made themselves masters of all the line of communication. They have by this means dispersed the insurgents in such a manner that the latter will be obliged to en tirely abandon the mountains and take to the open country. If these reports are true, the rebels have received a fatal blow, and the in-

The Tay Bridge Disaster.

LONDON, April 21.—In the investigation of the Tay bridge disaster before the Board of Trade yesterday, Mr. Henry Law, the civil engineer who was sent by the Board of Trade to examine the bridge after the accident, testiled to various defects in the design, materials, workmanship and arrangement of the bridge, sonfirming in important particulars the workmen's evidence taken at Dundee as to defect the sound of the control of the cont ve columns, bolts, lugs and flanges. In his apinion the base of the pier was too narrow. occasioning a very great strain upon the struts and ties. The angles at which the latter were disposed and the mode of connecting them to the columns was such as to render them of little or no use, and the other imperfections which had been pointed out lessened the power of the columns to resist a crushing strain. He considered that the yielding of the struts and ties was the immediate cause of the disaster but that the other circumstances stated con tributed to it.

America at the Berlin Fishery Exhibition London, Arril 21.—A dispatch from Berlin to the Timesnays: "The British government made no grant for representation at the inter-national fishery exhibition which was opened here yesterday. The British exhibit is wholly be result of private enterprise. Much of the pace originally allotted to England has been aken by Americans, who now hold it by right of prior occupation. The very slender and answorthy participation of England is all the more striking by contrast with that of America, her immediate neighbor in the building. Two hardres and fifth the contrast with the contrast and the building. Two hundred and fifty tons of piscatorial material, valued at £10,000, have already arrived from America, prominent among which is a whaling-boat, fully equipped with all its goar, ready for action. Another variety is a purse seine from 200 to 300 fathoms long and from 20 to 30 fathoms futboms long and from 20 to 30 factoms deep, used for netting whole sheats of mackerst in mid-ocean. Six specimens of a peculiar failing-boat, called the dory, which experts were very anxious to see, have also experts were very auxious to see, have also been brought over. Perhaps the most at-tractive, as certainly the most novel, object in the American collection, is a model of the win scrow steamer, the Fishhawk, specially sonstructed for the artificial hatching of decline ova, chiefly those of shad and cod. A tre-englise with horses yoked and men scated s also on exhibition among the American ex-

PHILADELPHIA, April 21.—The following and steel manufactories of the country at the present time has just been prepared by the ceretary of the American Iron and Steel Association: Number of completed blast furnaces that ISSO, 697; number of blast furnaces this, J. W. Groesb milding on March 1, 1880, 23 bituminous, Marvin, at Dulut 2 anthracite, 9 charcoa; total, 44; annual Turam, Arizona.

capacity of completed furnaces in pig-iron, net tons, 6,500,000; annual capacity of 203 bituminous furnaces, net tons, 2,825,000; annual capacity of 228 anthracite furnaces, net tons, 2,600,000; annual capacity of 266 charcoal furnaces, net tons, 1,075,000; number of completed rolling-mills and steel works on March 1, 1880, 382; number of rolling-mills and steel works building March 1, 10; number of single pud-Conventions of All Parties Held Yesterday.

First Day of the Staunton Convention-Contest Between Straightouts and Readjusters-Permanent Organization Postponed Until To-day-The Georgia Republicans -Other Conventions.

naces, net cons. 1,075,000; number of completed rolling-mills and steel works on March 1, 1850, 352; number of rolling-mills and steel works building March 1, 10; number of single pudding furnaces (a deuble furnace counting as 2 single ones), 4,467; number of heating furnaces, 2,419; number of trains of rolls, 1,397; annual capacity of rolling-mills in finished from, net tons, 4,000,000; annual capacity of railmills in heavy rails, net tons, 2,150,000; number of rolling-mills having usil factories, 73; number of rolling-mills having usil factories, 73; number of ling-mills having usil factories, 73; number of bessemer steel works on March 1, 1880, 11; number of Bessemer steel works building on March 1, 1880, 2; number of Bessemer converters, 22; completed, 10; building, 32; annual capacity in ingots, net tons, completed converters, 1,250,000; new converters, 500,000; total, 1,750,000; number of completed open-hearth steel works March 1, 1880, 22; number of open-hearth furnaces, 33; completed, 6; building, 39; annual capacity ingots, net tons, completed furnaces, 250,000; new furnaces, 50,000; total, 275,000. Number of completed crueible cast-steel works on March 1, 35; number of crueible cast-steel works on March 1, 35; number of crueible cast-steel works on March 1, 35; number of crueible cast-steel works on March 1, 35; number of crueible cast-steel works on March 1, 35; number of crueible cast-steel works on March 1, 35; number of crueible cast-steel works on March 1, 35; number of crueible cast-steel works on March 1, 35; number of crueible cast-steel works on March 1, 35; number of crueible cast-steel works on March 1, 35; number of crueible cast-steel works on March 1, 35; number of crueible cast-steel works on March 1, 35; number of crueible cast-steel works on March 1, 35; number of crueible cast-steel works on March 1, 35; number of crueible cast-steel works on March 1, 35; number of crueible cast-steel works on March 1, 35; number of crueible cast-steel works on March 1, 35; number of crueible cast-st Virginia Republican Convention. STAUNTON, VA., April 21.—The Republican convention met in this city at the Opera house at 12 o'clock with a full number of delegates present. The convention was called to order by C. P. Ramsdell, chairman of the State Central committee. In his brief address al-lusions to General Grant were loudly cheered. The names of Blaine and Sherman were also The names of Blaine and Sherman were also received with considerable applause. The first trial of strength between the Straightouts and Readjusters, or Mahone men, was in the temporary organization. J. H. Hill, Readjuster, of Petersburg, and Peter J. Carter, of Northampton, Straightout, and both colored men, were the nominees. Carter was elected by a vote of 74 to 48 for Hill, a victory of 26 for the Straightouters, though it is claimed by the minority that it was not a strict test vote. minority that it was not a strict test vote. While the committee on credentials, Ross Hamilton, chairman, retired the convention Hamilton, chairman, retired the convention took a recess, and upon reassembling heard speeches from Messrs, Popham, Rives and Lester. The speeches were highly exciting, and were interrupted by the report of the credentials committee seating 144 delegates. A minority report favoring the claim of a contestant from Richmond, and the persistency of J. B. Syphax, of Alexandria, who has been also unseated by the committee's report, brought on a violent and disorderly discussion, which threw the whole convention into a confusion, a dozen being on the floor at one time trying to be heard and delegates crowding the sisies. The chairman had great difficulty in maintaining order, and appointed a sergeant-at-arms to assist him. The confusion continued until 7 o'clock, when the convention took a recess until 8 o'clock.

STAUNTON, VA. April 21.—The report of the committee on credentials was, after much exciting discussion, adopted, except that Dr. C. S. Mills, collector of customs at Richmond, Wr. Deas, personal and maintain our boys are bound to carry the colors for trant.

ATLANTA, GA. April 21, 1880.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Election of Grant Delegates.

To the Editor of The National Republican:

SIR: On last Saturday, the 10th, at 12 m., County Chairman Smith called the convention to order and stated at length its purpose. Chairman E. H. Deas was elected president. On motion of C. R. Brown, esq., a committee on nominations was appointed, which reported the following named gentlemen, viz.: E. H. Deas, Rev. J. E. Wilson, Hon. Jordan Lang and J. A. Smith. The report was adopted. So there goes to the Republican State Convention for form or "red-hot" Grant men, Elaine was neared and Gautin Republican. pig-iron), 60; annual capacity in blooms, net The Missing British Training-Ship.

LONDON, April 21.—The correspondent of the Times at Portsmouth says: "It should be borne in mind that if the missing training-ship Atlanta has been dismasted and driven out of her course, or has gone too far North with the expectation of catching a westerly wind, news of hor cannot be looked for yet."

HALIPAN, N. S., April 21.—The British training-ship Atlanta, many of whose officers are well-known here, is looked upon as lost with all on board. The following is a list of her officers: Captain, Francis Stirling; lieutenants, Fred Blackett, Arthur Dove and Philip C. Fisher; naval lieutenant, W. H. Stavens; cinsplain, Rev. R. Nimino, M. A.; staff surgeon, Elward L. Moss, M. D.; payanaster, John Ashten; sub-lieutenant, Edward P. Charington; surgeon, Lawrence W. Corcoran, B. A. M. B.; gunner, David Silk; boatswains, Fred Standish and Richard Clancy. Her crew comprised about 300 young seamen.

exciting discussion, adopted, except that Dr. Second, but not for Sherman in any event. C. S. Mills, collector of customs at Richmond, was unscated and Captain R. A. Paul, contest-was unscated and Captain R. A. Paul, contest-organization, E. W. Early, chairman, reported, nominating for president General W. C. Wickbam; for secretary, J. H. Hill; assistant scoretaries, J. B. Work and J. Yost, and one vice-president from each Scuatorial district. Ex-Senator John F. Lewis was nominated for president of the convention, and after Senetor John F. Lewis was nominated for president of the convention, and after another long and exciting discussion, during which more confusion ensured and personalities were indulged in, Mr. Dezendorf, of Norfolk, in the interest of peace, seconded the nomination of Colonel Lawis. The vote was very close, not being Should not Republican Governors rule in at Should not Republican Governors rule in at Should not Republican Governors rule in at

Institution was agreed to, as was also a resolution to print the report of the Fish and Fisheries Commission for 1879.

On motion of Mr. Geddes, a night session was ordered for Thursday night of next week, to consider the bill to establish a court of pen-McMahon moved to go into Committee of was largely colored. As soon as it was called Whole on the immediate deficiency bill, to order the contest between the Grant men Mr. Meanings the Whole on the immediate deficiency bill, and pending that, that the time for general debate be limited to five minutes.

Mr. Conger moved to amend by extending the time to two hours. This and a motion to limit the time to an hour and fifty minutes were rejected by a party vote.

The prayions of the organization. Two chairmen were elected, both taking the stand and demanding silence. The excitement was intense, and amid cries and yells the convention assumed the shape of a mob. At last a compromise was had on a negro were rejected by a party vote.

Mr. McMahon then demanded the previous question on his motions.

the convention assumed the shape of a mob. At last a compromise was had on a negro named Pledger. Several addresses were made named Pledger. Several addresses were made and the convention adjourned this afternoon. Upon reassembling a committee on perma-nent organization was appointed, which re-ported Major Smyth, a Blaine man, for chairnan. The Grant men denounced this as I man. The Grant men denomiced this as a trick, and nominated a negro named Plessant as chaliman. The question was out amid great confusion, and Smyth was declared elected. He took the chair while the confuon continued, and the convention adjourned until to-morrow morning. The Grant men failed, Mr. McMahon withdrew both his mo-tions, and on motion of Mr. Springer, the House proceeded to the consideration of busi-ness on the Speaker's table. Several House bills with Scuate amendments were referred or passed by, and the Senate amendments to the House bills to legalize the Health ordinances of the District of Chumbia were concurred in. of the District of Chlumbia were concurred in. gramme.

mittees of the two Houses on agriculture make an investigation of the general subject of agriculture came up in order, and Mr. Reagan offered an amendment to include the subjects of a protective tartif and internal revenue tax in their relation to agriculture, in the inquiry. He then proceeded to make a free trade speech to the House.

Mr. Kelley followed in a speech in defense Mr. Kelley followed in a speech Mr. Kelley followed in a speech in defense Mr. Kelley followed in a speech in defense Mr. Kelley followed in a speech Mr. Kelley

Vermont Democrats.

THE POLITICAL CAULDRON. preciation of his generosity and magnanimity; piedges undivided and enthusiastic
support to whomsoever the National Convention may seem fit to nominate. The convention adjourned sine die

> First Gun from Alabama. [Special Dispatch to THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN. EUTAW, ALA., April 21. The Greene county Republican Convention, which met here, has nominated a full Grant delegation to the State Convention.

Connecticut Prohibitionists. HARTFORD, CONN., April 21.-The Prehibitionists held a State convention here to-day, nominated a full State ticket and selected Presidential electors and delegates to the Cleveland convention.

Blaine Delegates in Ohlo. CINCINNATI, April 21 .- Delegates to the State Republican convention favorable to Blane were elected to-day in the counties of Sandusky, Mahoning and Licking. In the latter county a second convention was held, which nominated Sherman delegates.

The Georgia Convention To the Editor of The National Republican: Sin: Judge Debrane established Grant headquarters, which were crowded all day. The Judge spoke grandly last night amid re-peated shouts and cheers. We have the First, Second, Third, Seventh and Ninth districts. and now a hand-to-hand fight in this (the Fifth) district with the Treasury officials, but our boys are bound to carry the colors for Grant.

Stn: I wish, as an original Unionist and

Dezendorf, of Norfolk, in the interest of peace, seconded the nomination of Colonel Lewis. The vote was very close, not being more than three or four difference, and before it was announced some members accused the others of voting twice and of voting as delegates who were not in the convention. Another count was therefore called. It was resolved in making the second count every man should rise in his seat when his name was called.

The vote was taken quietly until the last name had been called, but before it was announced it was known to be a tio, and great excitement casued while absentees were being hunted up and hurried in to vote. After an hour of excitement and confusion, the vote was announced—62 for Wickham and 62 for Lewis—when an old gentleman, looking quite unwell and just aroused from his bed, was brought before the stand and the demand made that his vote should be recorded. Pending a noisy discussion, the convention.

Atlanta, April 21.—The Republican State Convention was held here to-day. It was characterized by bitter feeling and great excitement. The majority of the convention was largely colored. As soon as it was called department to the control of men wbo could department to the control of men wbo could department to the control of men wbo could is it not a greater crime for his superior Cabinet officials, the heads of the Treas-ury, the Interior and State Depart-ments, to take the stump in favor of individuals and particular candidates? Have men who are Republicans and not Cabinet officers rights which our present Ad-ministration cannot respect? Are the civil. ministration cannot respect? Are the civil-service rules, violated every day by officials in the confidence of the White House, a farce? It is a fact that no head of at least three De partments will dispute. Nearly every Demo-cratic Member of Congress has at least one favorite or appointee in some one Department Democrats are favored to the exclusion of Re-publicans and Unionists. I know for a fact that Southern men who have lost means and risked life in behalf of the Republican party have sought in vain for clerkships, while Democrats bave been favored.

NORTH CABOLINA REPUBLICAN. WASHINGTON, April 20.

A Lady Clerk's Protest.

To the Editor of The National Republican SIR: If the editor of the Meridian Mercury knew as much as I know about the lady clerks he never would mar the columns of his paper and resolutions.

Mr. Kelley followed in a speech in defense of a protective tariff, in the course of which he said that the single city of Philadelphia produces more manufactured articles than were imported into the country from all the parts of the world.

At 439 the House took a recess till 7:30, the high testalou being for the consideration of the District code.

At the evening session the District code was considered, considered.

Mr. Hunton briefly stated the object and character of the logislation proposed.

Thirty-eight pages of the bill were considered. The only material amendment made was in relation to taxation of church and school property—which is now wholly exempted—the bill as reported only exempting such church property as is actually used for religious worship and such school property as is used for free education.

An amendment to continue the exemption of property of Masonic and Odd-Fellow organizations was rejected.

The only material amendment made with a such and the course as may be necessary to utilize the natural advantages of navigable relatives to cars slurs upon them for so defined the bill as reported only exempting such church property as is actually used for religious worship and such school property as is used for free education.

An amendment to continue the exemption of property of Masonic and Odd-Fellow organizations was rejected.

several thousand women employed—equal to the population of a small town—and it is not at all remarkable that here and there we find MONTPELIER, VT., April 21.—About three hundred delegates to the Democratic State convention have already assembled here, and a deck in one of the Departments for nearly a deck in one of the Departments for nearly a deck in one of the Departments for nearly a deck in one of the Departments for nearly a deck in one of the Departments for nearly a deck in one of the Departments for nearly a deck in one of the Departments for nearly a deck in one of the Departments for nearly a deck in one of the Control of Harington, and it was not allowed to the tendents and fit one of the control of Harington, and L. W. Redington, of Rutland. At least four-fifths of the convention favor Harcock, but not against any other candidate ments of polite society, but they have been uniformly kind and obliging, ready to assist or defend if accessary, and their conduct in office is above reproach. A writer, recently speaking of surplus women in the New England States, says "self-supporting women are not surplus women in the New England States, says "self-supporting women are not surplus women." and yet the loreds of creation from the convention of the convention.

Texas Democrats Unpledged.

GALVISTON, TEX., April 21.—The Democratic State convention made E. G. Eower William A. Newell, of New Jersey, to be Governor of Washington Territory; E. J. Smithers, of Delaware, to be United States Consult at Chin-Kiang, H. S. Lovejoy, receiver of public moneys at Niobrara, Neb.

To be Postmasters—Charles H. Palmer, at Port Chester, N. Y.: George Burgess, at West New Brighton, N. Y.: T. W. Scott, at Fairfield, Hi; J. W. Groesbeck, at Harvard, Ill.; L. A. Marvio, at Duluth, Minn.; Charles H. Lord, Turs m, Arizona.

Texas Democrats Unpledged.

Gatyreron, Tex., April 21.—The Democratic State convention made E. G. Bower of public moneys at Niobrara, Neb.

Gatyreron, Tex., April 21.—The Democratic State convention made E. G. Bower of clear at large. The resolutions adopted advise support of the two-third rule, but the delegates go uninstructed. It was also reported that the devotion of General Haucock to constitutional rights and privileges entitles him to the confidence of the people, and dignity.

Masurngron, April 21.

Texas will, when called upon, show her ap.

Four Thouse d People Home ess-Several Lives Lost-Half a Million of Property Destroyed-Vast Area of the flurnt District - Herole but Vain Efforts to Quench the Figure Flames.

The Town of Hull, Ont., on Fire. OTTAWA, ONT., April 21-5 p. m. - A great fre is raging in 110., opposite this city. A number of houses, mostly wooden buildings,

uumber of houses, mostly wooden buildings, have already been destroyed. The lumber piles are in danger.

5:15 p. m.—The conflagration at Hull is spreading with fearful rapidity. The whole rear of the town appears one mass of flame. Probably 150 dwellings have been destroyed. Danger is now apprehended from a slight shift of who to the northward, which threatens to bring the fire down toward the front of the town, and numerous lumber piles along the river. The efforts to check the fire so far appear to have been quite in effectual.

5:30 p. m.—The fire in Hull is spreading rapidly. Great damage has been done. It is stated that between fifts and sixty tenements have been destroyed. The steamer Conqueror

stated that between fifty and sixty tenements have been destroyed. The steamer Conqueror and a part of the fire brigade have been sent over to assist the local fire companies, but a strong west wind is blowing, and it is feared there will be great difficulty in checking the progress of the flames.

9:30 p.m.—The fire in Hall has apparently burned itself out to a great extent, only one special point of danger in the rear of the Roman Catholic church and Preshytery being visible at present. It is reported that over 300 houses have been destroyed. These were of wood and occupied by the poorer classes. of wood and occupied by the poorer classes. The distress will no doubt be very great.

OTTAWA, ONT., April 21—Midnight.—Fully one-half of the city of Hull is in ruins. The fire brake out in a house occupied by B. Sabaurin on Bridge street this afternoon, and owing to the high wind spread rapidly both in northerly and easterly directions. Despite every means available, the flames could not be checked in their fory, and building after building was destroyed. The houses were, with few exceptions, light wooden ones, and furnished with the best of material for a con-

lagration.
The Hull and Otiawa fire brigades set resointely to do battle with the flames, which, however, they were unable to contend with. however, they were unable to contend with. The whole area of ground composed of Church, Dulle, Lake, Kent, Albion, Weilington, Charles, Central, Wright, Hannah and several other streets was burned. The heat was intense, and the smoke so dense that the city was almost shrouded in darkness. The fire raged in flerce intensity from 3:30 o'clock until 7, when the wind fortunately changed and it was got under centrol.

It is estimated that between 700 and 800 houses are destroyed and over 4,000 recopies.

It is estimated that between 700 and 800 houses are destroyed and over 4,000 people houseless. Nor was the disaster unattended with fatal results. Several lives are known to be lost, while reports are current that at least a dozen have perished. It is known positively that a woman named Latramorville positively that a woman named Latramonville was burned, also a man named Onillette. The woman was confined yesterday and mable to leave her house. Onlilette was seen rushing from his blazing dwelling into the street and fall dead. Many accidents occurred. The

department to the control of men who could so soon forget that the friends of the Union were entitled to its favor? If it is a crime for General Banks, the illustrious ex-Speaker of which were looked over by Expert Gayler, to him. The correction is made in justice to an expert of the players. Powell, the first-baseman of the Nationals, was credited with eleven errors, which were looked over by Expert Gayler, to him. The correction is made in justice to an expert of the players. general Banks, the illustrious ex-Speaker of the House of Representatives, the gallant soldier, the statesman, to express an opinion on the stump or platform in favor of Republications, even though he be a United States marshal, then the object being: if possible, to confirm the decision of the first expert, Mr. Gayler. The latitude of calets was then reserved. examination of cadets was then resumed R. C. Welsh, a suspended cadet, was sworn:
He said a student named Palmer, who was a
candidate for West Point, had told him the
second day before the Highland Falls article
appeared in the New York Times, that he Palmer) had heard from some one in the vil lage that the cadets were at the Falls, and had said that Whittaker would be fixed. Palmer said he had heard it from a milkman, Welsh said he understood from what Palmer said, that the cadets were at Ryan's place. Welsh said he did not know what milkman

Palmer referred to, Cadet John B. McDonald, of the second class, who was suspended in 1878 for striking Whittaker, was called to the stand and answered, in the negative promptly and plainly, every question formulated, and he was asked no

trouble with Whittaker some time ago, also answered the questions in the negative promptly and plainly. In answer to Mr. Townsend the witness said Whittaker had been "falling the witness said Whittager man occur in with him six or eight weeks, and he got in for two or three reasons. He said tired of it for two or three reasons. He said be spoke to Whittaker about it and told him ie wished he would stop it. For two or three times Whittaker did stop, and afterward com-menced "falling in" alongside of him again. The witness said he spoke to him again about it and told him he wanted to see it stopped, but it did no good. The witness said he was at the end of the official line, Mr. Townsend to Cadet Andrus-Was there

iny place for the poor boy to fall in 7
Witness-No, slr,
Mr. Townsend-What do you think the y was going to do? He had to fall in somehere, didn't he?

Witness-Yes, sir. The Court to the witness-Where were ou born? Witness-Michigan. Question-What State do you come from?

Vitness-Indiana,

The Court—Did you change your place by falling in" on the left instead of the right? Witness—I told the captain I would like to "fall in" there, I said to another corporal that I did not want to leave him and go to another place in the line and leave Whittaker to close place in the line and reave whiteher to com-up on him, as it would be as unpleasent to him as to me. I asked the captain to let us "fattin" at another place in the line, saying that if I could not do so I would make an application

o be reduced to the ranks.

Mr. Townsend to witness—Who was the Member of Congress from your district? Witness-John H. Baker. This concluded the examination of this wit-iess. The following has last been issued:

Heat-quarties Diragnessay West Point,
United States Diragnessay West Point,
United States Diragnessay,
United States Diragnessay,
General Orders No. 12:
The Major-General Commanding desires to as
sure the corps of cades of his archaken faith it
their hands and integrity and of his appreciatio
of their many bearing under the grievous wrom
and injustice which they have recently sugarine. General Orders No. 14:

The Major-General Commanding desires to assure the corps of cades of his muchasen faith in their hands and integrity and of his appreciation of their mandy bearing under the grievous wrong and injustice which they have recently sustained. The outrage committed on the 6th of April, even if committed by some of their mands, even if the outrage committed on the fish of April, even if the committed to come of their mands, even if the same less an outrage upon the mans, yet this has been followed by even greater insulis and injusting which are not to be an influence of the committee and injusting and through them apon as many respectable families and communities in all parts of the country. These wrongs have some in cases from sources when each particle and the committee of the country. These wrongs have some in cases from sources when each particle and the committee of the country. These wrongs have some in cases from sources when each particle and the committee of the country. These wrongs have some in cases from sources when each particle and the country is a contract of the country. These wrongs have some in cases from sources when each particle and the country is a contract of the country. These wrongs have some in cases from sources when each particle and the country is the country of the country. These wrongs have some in cases from sources when each particle and the country is a contract of the country. These wrongs have some in cases from the country of the country. These wrongs have some in cases from a contract of the country of the country

CANADIAN TOWN BURNED.

the cadeta have endured them with becoming dignity and confidence that justice would be done to all. As an expression of his appreciation of their character and conduct, the Commanding-General is pleased to remove all restrictions here to force imposed by his orders upon the usual privileges of cadets. By command of Majon-General, Schopielle.

WILLIAM M. WHEREN, Acting Assistant Adjutant-General.

General.

A Newburg Journal report is authority for the statement that Experintendent Gayler, in conversation, said that "No.8" is the same person whose writing attracted his attention when specimens of the permanship of the first twenty-five cadets were handed to him for inspection a week ago. If this be so the writer of the note of warning, in Mr. Gayler's opinion, is among the twenty-five cadets whose writing was first examined, and who are known to Recorder Sears. Among the first twenty-five it was understood were the handwritings of Whittaker and of Louis Simpson, the colored men.

handwritings of Whittaker and of son, the colored men.

West Point, April 21.—Cadet Grable corrected his evidence by saying that the son of Governour Kemble, of Cold Springs, said to him that he had either seen or heard of three cadets being at Highland Falls on the night in progress at the time. A large number of of the outrage. Cadets R. P. Bryan testified people have been carried out of the building, of the outrage. Cadets have a large number of people have been carried out of the building. The neighborhood is througed with the excited people.

PLSYERS.	A.B.	311	1 12.	P.O.	A.	3
Gerhardt, 2d b McCleflau, s. s. Baker, e.f. Powell, 1st b. Derby r.f. Suyder, c. Dignan, 1.fs. Warner, 3d b Lynch, p Trott, c.	***************************************	100010000000000000000000000000000000000	12100011	1 1 1 2 0 4	2 2 0 0 0 2 0 0 8 1	
Totals	39	4	10	27	15	10
Citi	CAGO	5.				
PLAYERS.	A.D.	14.	1 n.	P.O.	λ.	1
Dalrymple, i.f. Gore, c.f., Williamson, 34 b. Anson, 1st b. Kelley, c., Goldsmith, p. Fluit, r.f. Burns, s.s. Quest, 2d b.	8 4 4 4 4 4 5 5	210000000	1 2 0 1 0 0	0 2 2 10 8 1 0 1 8	0 0 1 0 1 8 1 6	
Totals.	134	23	6	27	10	10

him. The correction is made in justice to i player, honest and faithful, who fills his po-sition acceptably and works hard for the success of his club. Games Elsewhere.

PROVIDENCE, April 10.— Providence, 10; Brown University, 0. NEW HAVEN, CONN., April 21.—Yale Uni-

ersity, 12; Albany, 6. Troy, N. Y., April 21.—Troy Citys, 9; Baltimores, 6.

THE GREAT TORNADO.

Additional Reports of Disasters Coming in. Sr. Louis, April 21.—Dispatches just received say the storm of Sunday was very severe in Morgan county its truck being strawe with demolished houses, barns and other farm property. The little town of Barnettsville was form nearly to pieces, and several persons killed and wounded. It is now estimated that in Webster county, of which Marshilled is the county seat, fully 100 people were killed and prestion formulated, and he was asked no over 200 wounded. Among the killed in the county are John Rose and daughter, Richard Hall, John Carson and wife and daughter, and then members of the Scott family. The loss to properly in the county is estimated at \$1,000,000. Intelligence reached here that at Shawner Mission, Kausse, on Sunday afternoon, a number of persons returning from a timera were overtaken by the storm. They took refuge in a shed adjoining a brick store of Mr. Boatt. Shortly afterward a part of the store was blown down upon the shed, burying a dozen or more persons in the ruius, and very seriously injuring D. G. Campbell, T. J. Wilson, Mollie Brown and Lillie Strong, and more or less injuring the remainder of the pariy, Fearful Havos in Arkansas,

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., April 21.—Advices from Payetteville report the storm of Sunday night unprecedentedly severe. It struck and destroyed the residences of Mr. Kilton, Dr. Paddock, Mrs. Crutch and Mr. J. E. Haugh-han, the Masonic Hall and the Tremont House, a three-story hotel, killing Mrs. Glass, the wife of the preprietor. The Pennerut office is badly damaged. D. R. Boles' and Baum Boullers' trees the second of the preprietor. Brothers' stores, the east end of the Mountai House, Jenuings' stables and Coffy's two-story brick building are utter wrecks. Eight or tor frame dwellings cast of the town were lifted from their foundations and torn to atoms Many houses are unroofed. Quite a number of people were wounded and one child killed. All the horses in Jennings' stables were killed. The storm prevailed with startling severity as far south as Johnson county.

Honors to a Departed Associate.

A special meeting of the Medical Society was held last night at Gonzaga Hall to take action on the doath of Dr. Edwin W. Latimer. Dr. A. F. King presided, with Dr. Edwin schmidt accretary. Dr. Garnett, Ellet, Burrows, Hudson and Prantisa were appointed a committee to draft animable resolutions. After a brief consultation they submitted the lowing, which were unnumently adopted:

A SERIOUS DISASTER.

A Shocking Occurrence at Madison Square Garden.

Half of the Front Walls Fall in-A Number of Persons Injured-Several Killed-Exeltement in the City-Police and Firemen Rush to the Rescue -Latest Details of the Fatal Accident.

Fall of the Walls at Madison Square Garden. New York, April 21.—10:30 p. m.—A serious diseater has occurred at Madison Square garden. A dispatch received at police head-quarters says; The western or Madison avenue end of the building fell in. The police

of the outrage. Callet R. F. Bryan testified that he had heard playful threats made against Whittaker since the outrage three or four days ago, but he could not recollect the words; he thought at the time the threats were including at 0:30 o'clock, when half the front of any threats before the outrage. Cadet Cartis testified that Calet Greble told him that three cadets were at Highland Falls that night.

FICTORY FOR THE NATIONALS.

A Closely-Contested Game in Chicago. (Special Dispatch to the Nationals and Chicagos was close and exciting, especially so at the close.

The game here to-day between the Nationals and Chicagos was close and exciting, especially so at the close.

The home club scored a run in the first inviting, and was tied by the visitors in the fourth. In the next innings the Chicagos had two runs and blanked their opponents. The score stool this way up to the minth invitings. In this inning, on hits by Digman, McCiellan and Boker and Gold-mith's muff of a fly-ball hit by Gerhardt, the Nationals scored three runs and wen the game. About one lady and a large crowd quickly collected.

11:30 p. m.—The were about 800 people in the building at 0:30 o'clock, when half the front of the building at 0:30 o'clock, when half the front of the building at 0:30 o'clock, when half the front of the building at 0:30 o'clock, when half the front of the building at 0:30 o'clock, when half the front of the building at 0:30 o'clock, when half the front of the building at 0:30 o'clock, when half the front of the building at 0:30 o'clock, when half the front of the building at 0:30 o'clock, when half the front of the building at 0:30 o'clock, when half the front of the building at 0:30 o'clock, when half the front of the building at 0:30 o'clock, when half the front of the building at 0:30 o'clock, when half the front of the building at 0:30 o'clock, when half the front of the building at 0:30 o'clock, when half the front of the building at 0:30 o'clock, when half the front of the building at 0:30 o'clock, when half the

rumored on the street that from eight to twelve persons are injured.

11:30 p. in.—The killed and wounded will number at least ten, the killed already found being three and the wounded seven. Mrs. W. A. Ogden Hegeman, a prominent lady manager of the fair, and the wife of one of the directors of the United States Life Insurance Company, was the first person taken out of the debris. She was supposed to be dead, but some signs of life being discovered, she was taken to Bellevan Hespital. William F. Tileston, of New York, had a leg broken; Mrs. James Smith, of Flushing, had an arm broken and received other injuries.

The part of the building which fell was mainly occupied as an art gallery. Pictures

mainly accupied as an art gallery. Pictures were loaned and inarred for \$150,000 against fire alone, but so far as known not against other accidents. It is likely these pictures have been so much injured as to be almost worthing. have been so much injured as to be almost worthless. Several persons were rescued from the ruins in a fainting condition and carried to neighboring houses before their names or the extent of their injuries could be learned. William II. Theston is believed to be fatally injured. The damage to the building is roughly estimated at from \$25,000 to \$40,000. At a late hour it was learned to be set of the second to the second At a late hour it was learned that one of the persons killed was Mrs. Anna Willett, of No. 36 East Thirty-first street. Among the women who were seriously injured was Miss Josie Streeter, of No. 7 West Thirty-second street. She received internal injuries, and was taken home by friends.

woman was confined yesterday and numble to leave her house. Onlilette was seen rushing from his biazing dwelling into the street and fall dead. Many accidents occurred. The area of ground over which the fire traveled is a mile long by 400 yards wide. The loss is estimated at from \$500,000 to \$600,000.

THE CASE OF WHITTAKER.

Remarkable Order of the Commanding General.

WEST POINT, N. Y., April 21.—The examination of cadets in reply to the formula of questions adopted by the court, was continued this morning. The first person called to the witness-stand to day was James E. Payne, of the homse of A. A. Lowe & Sons, of Burling Silp, New York city, who, upon outh, ustified that he claims to be an expert in hamdwritne, when Berorder Searce about the Although when Berorder Searce about the Although with a property of the bonnes of the players. Powell, the first-baseman of the head; William M. Tileston, compound comminuted tracture of both legs. ompound comminuted fracture of both legs, the head; Walter Webb, No. 14 West Thirtyeighth street, seriously injured, left leg broken. Four ladies were taken from the dancing-room, all of whom were injured slightly.

A dispatch was received at police headquar-ters from Bellevue Hospital shortly before 2 o'clock this morning stating that the body of a woman, supposed to ben servant in the employ of Mrs. Hegeman, had been sent to the Morgue. Name unknown,

A DARK RECORD.

Crime in Its Various Phases,

CHICAGO, April 21.—About midnight last night Herman Limberg shot and killed Will-iam McGary. The two men were strangers to each other until meeting in a saloon, where a each other until meeting in a saloon, where a quarrel arose. Limberg was arrested.

Cincinnari, April 21.—Yesterday afternoon, at Mayfield, Kv., W. Ezell, of that place, shot and killed Dr. Dalton, of Calloway county. The trouble between the men grew out of an attempted slopement of Ezell's slateration. in law with Dalton a year ago, which Ezell prevented. Ezell claims that Dalton had repeatedly threatened to kill him, and that he

icited in self-defense.

Hammondrown, N. J., April 21.—Last night a quarrel occurred near Compton Mills, between Janes Sheppard and his brother-in-law, Heinrich Moran, Maran stabbed Sheppard twice in the back with a large case-knife, inflicting fatal wounds. Moran is at

MONTREAL, April 21.—The operations of Join Flamagan the forger, who was arrested in Philadelphia, will reach \$10,000, and were chirdly negotiated at the expense of the Eastrn Townships Bank, That institution now ishes to claim all assets found upon Flanagan. Representatives of the bank bave gone Philadelphia.

to Philadelphia.

HARRISONBURG, VA., April 21.—The trial of George W. Wood for the murder of Lincoln is still in progress. The testimony for the presecution is nearly fluished. Witnesses for the defense will be examined to-morrow, when the case will be argued and submitted to the PHILADELPHIA, April 21.—This evening

Sannel Woodlow, driver for the Boller Inspection Company, was that in the face and dangerously wounded by William Banney, watchman at the Grarel Tube Works. Woodlow shot Banney eight years ago, and since that time a feud has existed between the two men. Ramsey watched and waited for Wood-low to night until he passed hie house and then shot him. Ramsey was arrested and Woodlow was taken to the Penusylvania

CABLE SPARKS.

LONDON, April 21.-Denial is given to the rumor that the Prince of Water contemplates visiting Australia in the autumn. LONDON, April 22.-The Post's dispatch from

Borlin says: There is a marked Improvement in the condition of Prince Gortechakoff. LONDON, April 22 -- 1t is understood that Mr. John Bright will not enter the Ministry on account of the state of his health.

LONDON April 22.—The Queen line conferred a pearage with the title of Baron Rowte 1 on the Montagu Corry, Lord Reaconsheld's private secretary.
ROME, April 21.—In the Chamber of Depu-

ies to day Signor Depost's declared it as his pinion that the assemination of Ferezona was BOMBAY, April 21.-Communication with

Candahar has been re-entablished. It is as moved that Abdur Rehman Kunn has execute several of his followers for matiny.